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Title 46

PROFESSIONAL AND OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS

Part XXVII. Chiropractors

Chapter 1. Practice and Procedure

§101. Authority

A. These rules of practice and procedure are promulgated by authority of R.S. 49:951* et seq., as amended, being the Administrative Procedure Act. All rule-making and hearing procedures of this board are conducted according to the Administrative Procedure Act.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:49 (February 1976).

*As appeared in the published rule.

§103. Election of Officers

- A. The board shall be domiciled in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. The regular meetings of the board shall be held at least twice in each year for the purpose of examining applicants and at any other time the board deems necessary, at a time and place designated by the president. Special meetings may be called by the president upon giving at least 72 hours notice, sent by registered or certified mail to the post office address of each member of the board and of persons who previously have indicated that they have business before the board.
- B. The election of president, vice president and secretary treasurer of the board shall be held at the annual July meeting following the testing of licensed applicants.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2802, 37:2803 and 37:2804.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:49 (February 1976), amended by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 18:1378 (December 1992).

§104. Rules of Order

A. All meetings of the board shall be conducted in accordance with *Robert's Rules of Order*.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2803.E.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 13:343 (June 1987).

§105. Written Examinations

A. All written examinations conducted by the board shall be administered to conceal the identity of licensure candidates.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.A, B and R.S. 37:2805.E.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 13:343 (June 1987).

§106. Definitions

A. By reference, all of the definitions set forth and contained in R.S. 49:951-966, inclusive, are incorporated herein, and for the purpose of hearings to be held hereunder, the following definitions shall prevail.

AppellantCthe persons submitting an appeal to the Board of Chiropractic Examiners or the person notified of an opportunity for a hearing for the purpose of either suspending or revoking a chiropractic license.

Board Cthe Board of Chiropractic Examiners.

Hearing Ca hearing called by the board under the authority of R.S. 37:2816.A or R.S. 37:2803.E.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2801

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:50 (February 1976).

§107. Adopting, Amending, or Repealing Rules

A. The board shall adopt, amend, or repeal any rule or regulation to govern its actions in strict accordance with R.S. 49:953.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804 and R.S. 37:2803.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:50 (February 1976).

§109. Commencement of Hearings

A. Hearings conducted by the board shall be instituted as authorized by R.S. 37:2816 or R.S. 37:2803.E.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:50 (February 1976).

§111. Notice of Hearing

A. The board shall notify the person against whom a complaint has been made when said complaint appears to be sufficient cause for either suspension or revocation of a chiropractic license. This notice shall notify the person against whom the complaint is made 30 days prior to the hearing and such notice shall conform to the requirements of R.S. 49:955.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:50 (February 1976).

§113. Disposition of Complaint

A. The board shall conduct such investigations, order such hearings, and take such other actions as it finds necessary to make an intelligent decision on the complaint submitted for its review.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:50 (February 1976).

§115. Appearance

A. The person against whom the complaint has been made and upon notice being served, must appear at the date fixed for the hearing.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:50 (February 1976).

§117. Default in Appearing

A. In the event the person against whom the complaint has been made fails to appear at the hearing provided for and also provided that the referenced rules as to service have been complied with, the person so failing to appear or otherwise obtain approval of the board for his absence shall be deemed to be in default, and the evidence as received by the board at that time shall be entered into the record and may be taken as true and the order of the board entered accordingly.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:50 (February 1976).

§119. Hearing Procedure

- A. The hearings called according to these rules and regulations shall be conducted by the board in accordance with the rules and procedures set forth in R.S. 49:955 et seq.
- 1. The chairman of the board or the vice chairman in the absence of the chairman shall announce the title and docket number of the proceedings before the board and shall introduce into the record evidence of the notice of hearing. Attorneys and/or other representatives of the appellant shall be recognized along with the representatives of the board and other proper parties.
- 2. The appellant shall then present his evidence subject to cross-examination by the board and other proper parties in those cases where the applicant requested the hearing to be held.

- 3. The board shall then present its evidence subject to cross-examination by the applicant and other proper parties.
- 4. Where the board has called the hearing on its own motion, the order of presentation of evidence shall be reversed.
- 5. The board may make an informal disposition of the case by stipulation, agreed settlement, consent, order, or default.
- 6. The board shall render its final decision and order in accordance with §4009 of these rules and regulations.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804, R.S. 37:2803 and R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:50 (February 1976).

§121. Board's Decision

A. The decision of the board shall be rendered within 30 days after the matter is submitted, shall be in writing, and shall be dated and mailed to the appellant and his attorney of record by certified mail.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804, R.S. 37:2803 and R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:50 (February 1976).

§123. Rehearings

A. A decision or order of the board shall be subject to rehearing, reopening, or reconsideration by the board within 10 days from the date of its entry. Rehearings, reopenings, or reconsiderations shall be conducted in strict accordance with R.S. 49:959.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804, R.S. 37:2803 and R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:51 (February 1976).

§125. Record of Hearing

A. The board shall make a full recording of all proceedings before it and shall at the request of any party or person, have prepared and furnished him with a copy of the transcript or any part thereof upon payment of the costs thereof. If said record is transcribed, it shall be made a part of the record in subject hearing.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804, R.S. 37:2803 and R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:51 (February 1976).

§127. Judicial Review of Decision

A. A person who is aggrieved by a final decision or order of the board is entitled to judicial review in accordance with R.S. 49:964 whether or not he has applied to the board for rehearing. Proceedings for judicial review may be instituted in the district court of the parish in which the board is located within 30 days after mailing of notice of the final

decision by the agency, or if a rehearing is requested, within 30 days after the decision thereon.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804, R.S. 37:2803 and R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:51 (February 1976).

Chapter 3. Professional Conduct

§301. Use of Steel Balls

A. The use of steel balls or objects inserted into or attached to the ear for the purpose of effecting a bodily or physiological change is not within the scope of chiropractic in Louisiana.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2801.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:51 (February 1976).

§302. Surrogate Muscle Testing

A. Surrogate muscle testing is not within the scope of chiropractic practice in the state of Louisiana.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2801 and 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 18:1378 (December 1992).

§303. Notification of Address

A. Each registered chiropractor, upon commencing to practice, shall forthwith notify the board of his office address or addresses, R.S. 37:2804.A and R.S. 37:2803.E.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.A and R.S. 37:2803.E.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 13:343 (June 1987).

§304. HIV/HBV Precautions

A. Concerning the prevention of transmission of Human Immunodeficiency (HIV) and Hepatitis B Virus (HBV), the doctor of chiropractic will comply with the recommendations of the Center for Disease Control (CDC).

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1746 and 37:1747.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 18:1378 (December 1992).

§305. Change of Address

A. Each chiropractor must notify the secretary of the Board of Chiropractic Examiners whenever his office address changes.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:51 (February 1976).

§306. Itemized Patient Billing

- A. When a chiropractic physician licensed under this Chapter renders professional services to a patient, the chiropractic physician shall submit to the patient, concurrent with the submission to the patient's insurance company or to the administrative agency for any federal or state or municipal health program under which the patient is entitled to benefits; an itemized statement of the specific services rendered and the charge for each. This information shall be given to the patient within 30 days or the next regular billing cycle of the doctor, whichever occurs first. This rule will apply to any doctor who:
- takes assignment as full payment from the patient;
- 2. offers any discount in connection with the diagnosis and treatment or agrees to accept insurance payment for full settlement of the patient's bill.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2803.E.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 15:963 (November 1989), amended LR 17:968 (October 1991).

§307. Advertising Practices

- A. False, deceptive or misleading advertising is prohibited.
- B. Statements in advertising which claim that specific physical illnesses ailments or symptoms are alleviated by chiropractic care must be supported by clinical or scientific literature generally recognized by the chiropractic profession. The board may require the chiropractor making such assertions to provide the reference supporting the advertising claim.
- C. Testimonials may be used if the word "ADVERTISEMENT" in capital letters of larger type size than the largest text of the testimonial appears directly over the testimonial. The doctor is responsible for any false, deceptive or misleading statements in the testimonial.
- D. Advertisement may offer free goods or services or discounts in connection with chiropractic care only if the usual charge for those goods or services and the type of goods or services which are free or discounted are included in the advertising. In the case of print advertising the usual charges for the offered good or services must appear in bold print of the same or larger type size as the offer. In the case of television or radio advertising the ad must clearly state, verbally, the usual charges for the offered goods or services.
- 1. The doctor must also provide a disclosure statement to be signed by the patient which explains:
- a. specifically what services or goods are free or discounted;
- b. what services or goods are not included in the free or discounted services or goods offered in the advertisement; and

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- c. that additional services or goods which are subject to a charge shall not be rendered until such charges are disclosed in writing to the patient and that any services or goods provided prior to such written disclosure are free.
- 2. The signed disclosure statement must be provided to any third party liable for payment by inclusion of the disclosure statement with the first submission of a claim for payment for services.
- 3. This rule shall not be construed to relate to the negotiation of fees between a chiropractor and a patient or managed care organization or to prohibit the rendering of chiropractic services pro bono.
- E.1. In all circumstances covered by §307.D, and after services or goods have been provided, the chiropractor shall provide the patient with a written statement itemizing the services or goods provided and the charges for each service or item. The patient shall be given the itemized statement even if the patient has executed an assignment of insurance benefits or payment is anticipated from a third party.
- 2. The chiropractor must notify any third party liable for payment if any co-payment or deductible has been waived or met by a certificate issued by the chiropractor or an agent of the chiropractor. Such notification must be in writing and submitted with the first submission of a claim for payment for services.
- F. Any advertisement that mentions automobile liability insurance shall state that "policy limitations apply" and must be in bold print. Television or radio advertisements must verbally state that policy limitations apply.

G Free X-rays

- 1. A chiropractor shall not advertise "free X-rays" unless the advertisement states that:
- a. the X-rays shall be taken only if found necessary; and
- b. more than one X-ray is necessary for diagnostic purposes.
 - 2. Free X-rays shall include a minimum of two views.
- 3. Additional X-rays must meet the disclosure requirements of §307.D.
- H. Computer-generated or live, unsolicited telephone canvassing to prospective new patients is prohibited.
 - I. Cash payments for patient referrals is prohibited.
- J. Any violation of this section shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action or penalty by the board.
- K. If any part of these rules or any rule herein is declared unlawful and/or unconstitutional such determination shall not affect the validity of any other part or rule herein.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.F.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 2:51 (February 1976), amended LR 5:174 (July 1979), LR

13:343 (June 1987), amended by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 15:963 (November 1989), LR 17:968 (October 1991), LR 22:191 (March 1996).

§308. Disclosures in Advertising

- A. Any chiropractor who engages in any of the practices specified in this Subsection shall include the disclosure statement in this Subsection in any advertising of such practice. The practices are as follows.
- 1. The practice of waiving all or part of a required deductible or co-payment amount under any policy of health insurance or other health benefit plan, to include the practice of offering any gift or gratuity, such as a health check which has the effect of reducing or eliminating a deductible and is so advertised.
- 2. Performing any services without charge to the recipient, the effect of which eliminates or reduces the amount of the required deductible or co-payment under any policy of health insurance of other health benefit plan. The disclosure statement required by this Subsection in such advertising shall be as follows.

Limited eligibility Conly persons having a qualified health insurance or other health benefit plan shall be eligible for participation in any program that reduces or eliminates payment of the required deductible or co-payment amounts. In order to qualify, the health insurance or health benefit plan must have a deductible which does not exceed \$__ (insert dollar amount) and the co-payment must not exceed __ percent (insert percentage amount).

B. In addition, any chiropractor that reserves any right to seek any portion of the amount due for services rendered from the recipient of those services shall also include the following disclosure in all such advertising.

Personal liability CIn the event that your insurance or health benefits plan fails to pay all or part of any portion of the nonwaived charges for any services rendered, then you can be held personally liable for such amount.

- C. "Advertising" or "advertisement" as used in this Section shall include any communication to the public including communication by means of newspaper, magazines, circulars, direct mail, directories, radio, television, and billboards. The disclosures required to be given by this Section shall be made clearly, conspicuously, and in meaningful sequence. In the case of written advertisement, the terms "limited eligibility" and "personal liability" shall be in all capital letters and shall be printed more conspicuously than other terminology required by this Section and shall in no event be printed in less than the equivalent of 10-point type, 0.075 inch computer type or elite size. In the case of television advertising, the required disclosure shall be made by both audio and visual transmission. All such disclosures shall be made in the English language.
- D. Any violation of this Section shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action or penalty by the board.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.F.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 15:963 (November 1989).

§309. Future Care

A. It shall be considered unprofessional conduct for any chiropractor to enter into a contract which would obligate a patient to pay for care to be rendered in the future unless the contract provides that the patient is entitled to a complete refund for any care not received.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2803 F

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 13:344 (June 1987).

§310. Accident Solicitation Letters

- A. On the outside of each envelope in 10-point bold type at the bottom left hand corner of the envelope, there will be printed in red, capital letters, THIS IS AN ADVERTISEMENT.
- B. On the body of the letter, in the same type size as the letter, shall be contained the following paragraph in red lettering.

NOTICE: THIS IS AN ADVERTISEMENT. Your name and address and information relative to the accident in which you were involved were acquired from police documents. You are under no obligation to respond to this letter. Recipients of this advertisement should understand the importance of employing a health care provider and inquiry into the doctor's qualifications and experience is recommended.

- C. No solicitation letters shall be sent to minors.
- D. All solicitation letters shall be submitted to the board before publication to assure compliance with this rule and all other applicable board regulations. The board has six weeks to respond to this request.
- E. A sample copy of each different solicitation letter shall be retained by the sender for a period of one year.
- F. No solicitation letter to an accident victim should be sent before at least seven days have elapsed since the date of the accident.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.F.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 20:433 (April 1994).

§311. Overutilization of Services

A. Overutilization of services is prohibited. Overutilization is the providing of treatment or diagnostic services, the need for which cannot be substantiated by the clinical record of the patient, or reports, or any other pertinent facts or evidence. Such practice shall constitute a form of misrepresentation, deceit, unprofessional conduct, or gross misconduct.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.A(5), (6) and (7).

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 13:344 (June 1987), amended by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 15:964 (November 1989).

§313. Records

A. Chiropractic physicians shall comply with a patient's authorization to provide records, or copies of such records, including xrays to those whom the patient designates as authorized to inspect or receive all or part of such records. A reasonable charge may be made for the cost of duplicating records.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.A(7).

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 13:344 (June 1987).

§315. Protection of Records

A. Chiropractic physicians shall preserve and protect the patient's confidences and records, except as the patient directs or consents or if the law requires otherwise.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.A(7).

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 13:344 (June 1987).

§316. Internships

A. Certificates of internship must be displayed in a conspicuous place in the office in which the intern practices.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2806.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:192 (March 1996).

§317. X-Ray Proficiency Holders

- A. The board shall issue a certificate of proficiency in X-ray function to any chiropractic assistant who successfully completes a program in education and training in X-ray function and safety that has been approved by the Board of Chiropractic Examiners.
- B. Any holder of said proficiency certificate must register annually with the board on or before July 31, beginning in 1996. The board shall maintain a list of all X-ray proficiency certificate holders. Failure to register with the board on an annual basis shall result in removal of that person's name from the board's list of X-ray proficiency certificate holders.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.C.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 13:344 (June 1987), amended by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:192 (March 1996).

§318. Specialty Register

- A. Any doctor of chiropractic in the state of Louisiana who holds himself or herself out to the public as being a specialist in any area must register with the Board of Chiropractic Examiners.
- B. Only those licensees holding the final certification in post-graduate training and certification programs recognized by the board may hold themselves out to the public as possessing special knowledge, skills or training. Any advertisement which states that a licensee has special training or skills or is certified in a specialty not recognized by the board is engaged in deceptive and misleading advertising practices.
- C. The use of the terms Acertified" in or by, or the use of letters indicating a degree or certification on stationary, letterhead, business cards or other such publication is considered advertising for the purposes of this section. Generally recognized academic credentials such as BA, BS, MS, JD, MD, Ph.D., etc. are excepted from this rule when awarded by a college or university fully accredited by an association recognized by the Department of Health, Education and Welfare.
- 1. Specialty training must meet the following criteria to qualify for Registry inclusion. The course of study must:
- a. be conducted under the auspices of and taught by the post-graduate faculty of a chiropractic college fully accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education;
 - b. consist of a minimum of 300 hours;
- c. require completion of a certification examination given by a board independent of the entity which taught the course: and
- d. meet such other criteria as the board deems appropriate.
- 2. The Board of Chiropractic Examiners currently (December 1995) recognizes the following specialties for recognition and listing in the Board=s Specialty Registry:
- a. Diplomate of the American Board of Chiropractic Nutrition (DABCN);
 - b. Certified Chiropractic Sports Physicians (CCSP);
- c. Diplomate, American Board of Chiropractic Orthopedists (DABCO) or Fellow of the Academy of Chiropractic Orthopedists;
- d. Diplomate, American Chiropractic Board of Roentgenologists (DACBR);
- e. Diplomate, American Board of Chiropractic Internists (DABCI);
- f. Diplomate, American Board of Chiropractic Pediatrics (DABCP);
- g. Diplomate of the American Board of Chiropractic Neurology (DABCN); or

- h. Diplomate of the American Chiropractic Academy of Neurology (DACAN).
- 3. The National Board of Chiropractic Examiners engages in testing preliminary to testing for basic licensure. It does not engage in specialty testing. The use of the designation Diplomate of the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners, or any derivative thereof, may give the false impression of certification or credentials beyond that required of all chiropractic licensees and is considered deceptive and misleading by the Board of Chiropractic Examiners.
- 4. Any additional specialties which conform to these standards may be recognized by declaratory statement by the Board of Examiners.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2801.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 18:1378 (December 1992), amended LR 22:192 (March 1996).

Continuing Education CRisk Management

A. The phrase "risk management," as referred to in R.S. 37:2810(2), means the identification, investigation, analysis and evaluation of risks and the selection of the most advantageous method of correcting, reducing or eliminating identifiable risks.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2810(2).

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 18:1378 (December 1992).

Chapter 5. Due Process Procedures for Ethics Violations

Subchapter A. Applicability

§501. **Unethical Conduct**

- A. Unethical conduct shall be determined on the basis of the provisions of the rules and regulations of the Board of Chiropractic Examiners, Ethical Standards of Chiropractors, and other provisions included in R.S. 37:2801-2880, specifically if a chiropractor:
- 1. has been convicted of a felony or any offense involving moral turpitude;
- 2. is using a narcotic or any alcoholic beverage to an extent or in a manner dangerous to himself, any other person or to the public, or to an extent that such use impairs his ability to perform the work of a professional chiropractor with safety to the public;
- 3. has impersonated another person holding a license as a chiropractor or allowed another person to use his/her license:
- 4. has used any fraud or deception in applying for a license or in taking an examination provided for in the Act;

- 5. has accepted commissions or rebates or other forms of remuneration for referring clients to other persons;
- 6. has allowed his/her name or license issued under the Act to be used in connection with any person or persons who perform chiropractic services outside of the area of their training, experience or competence;
- 7. has willfully or negligently violated any of the provisions of the Act.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:327 (April 1984), amended LR 13:344 (June 1987).

§503. Application of Procedures

A. These procedures shall apply only in the consideration of alleged violations by licensed chiropractors.

NOTE: The board will answer complaints regarding the ethical practices of non-licensed persons by making referrals elsewhere when appropriate; for example, to better business bureaus, professional associations, agencies, private legal counsel, or the district attorney of the appropriate judicial district.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:327 (April 1984), amended LR 13:344 (June 1987).

§505. Initiation of Complaint

A. Complaints may be initiated by any citizen of the state, another licensed chiropractor, or by the board on its own initiative.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:327 (April 1984), amended LR 13:344 (June 1987).

§507. Declaratory Statements

- A. The board may issue a declaratory statement in response to a request for clarification of the effect of rules and regulations of R.S. 37:2801 et seq.
- 1. A request for a declaratory statement is made in the form of a petition to the board. The petition should include at least:
 - a. the name and address of the petitioner;
- b. specific reference to the statute or rules and regulations to which the petitioner relates; and
- c. a concise statement of the manner in which the petitioner is aggrieved by the rule or statute or by its potential application to her/him, or in which (s)he is uncertain of its effect.
- 2. Said petition shall be considered by the board at its next regularly scheduled meeting provided that the petition has been filed at least 21 days prior to said meeting.

3. The declaratory statement of the board on said petition shall be in writing and mailed to the petitioner at the last address furnished to the board.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2801 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 13:177 (March 1987), amended LR 13:344 (June 1987).

Subchapter B. Procedures for Processing Complaints and Inquiries

§511. Processing Complaints and Inquiries

- A. Upon receipt of complaints or inquiries, the board will take immediate action.
- 1. Anonymous letters of complaint against individuals shall not be recognized as a basis for formal action.
- 2. If the information in the complaint is insufficient, the board may request further information by either written correspondence or an informal inquiry.
- B. All complaints received shall be assigned a sequentially ordered complaint code number which shall be utilized in all official references.
- C. At its next meeting, the board shall officially receive and act upon all complaints and inquiries received.
- D. Upon receipt of the complaint, the board shall determine if the complaint refers to an ethical issue.
- E. The identity of all parties to a complaint shall be revealed to the involved parties except if contrary to law.
- F. The board shall inform the complainant of the initial determination.
 - 1. No Action
 - 2. Informal Inquiry
 - 3. Informal Hearing
 - Formal Hearing

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.C.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:327 (April 1984), amended LR 13:344 (June 1987), amended by the Department of Health and Hospitals LR 22:192 (March 1996).

Subchapter C. Conduct of Informal Inquiry/Hearing (Non-Adversarial Procedure)

§519. Informal Inquiry Procedures

- A. The licensee shall be given adequate prior notice of the informal inquiry and possible hearing of the issues to be discussed. Adequate notice includes:
- 1. informing the licensee in writing that a complaint has been filed;

- 2. a short and plain statement of the nature of the complaint;
- 3. a reference to the particular sections of the statutes, rules, and/or ethical standards of the board which appear to have been involved;
- 4. copies of the law and the rules and regulations of the board; and
- 5. a request for the licensee's cooperation in obtaining a full understanding of the circumstances which led to the allegation.
- B. The licensee is requested to provide, within 30 days, a written statement giving the licensee's view of the situation which is the subject of the complaint so that the board may be cognizant of all relevant aspects of the case.
- C.1. Evaluating the findings of the informal inquiry. Upon receipt of a reply from the licensee, the board shall review the information and determine if a violation may have occurred, and if so, what standard(s) have been violated.
- If the determination of the board is that the issues raised by the complainant would constitute a violation of standards, the board shall then determine whether:
- further investigation by correspondence is indicated:
- b. further investigation by an informal hearing is indicated; or
- institution of formal hearing procedures is c. indicated.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:327 (April 1984), amended LR 13:345 (June 1987).

Informal Hearing Procedures §521.

- A. The board shall conduct informal hearings in executive session in accordance with the following.
- 1. It is expected that the licensee not have an attorney or other advisors present, although it is his right to do so.
- 2. Witnesses may be called, but are not placed under oath and no subpoenas are issued.
- 3. Statements made at the informal hearing may not be introduced at a formal hearing unless all parties consent.
 - 4. No transcript of the informal hearing is made.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with RS.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:327 (April 1984), amended LR 13:345 (June 1987).

§523. Evaluating the Findings of the Informal Hearing

A. If the board decides that the subject of the complaint is a violation of the standards, and the disciplinary proceedings are warranted, the board shall then determine whether:

- 1. the violation merits informal disposition; or
- 2. a formal hearing will be held.
- B. The board, in determining, for informal disposition, shall order actions such as:
- 1. a settlement between the person making the complaint and the licensee. This settlement shall be written, signed by the licensee and the complainant and submitted to the board within 30 days of the informal hearing; or
- 2. a consent order describing the disciplinary action which will be taken. A consent order shall be signed by the licensee, the chairman and the vice-chairman of the board.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:327 (April 1984), amended LR 13:345 (June 1987).

§525. Refusal to Respond or Cooperate With the **Board**

- A. If the licensee does not respond to the original inquiry within 30 days, a follow-up letter shall be sent to the licensee by registered mail or certified mail, return receipt requested.
- B. If the licensee refuses to reply to the board's inquiry or otherwise cooperate with the board, the board shall continue its investigation. The board shall record the circumstances of the licensee's failure to cooperate and shall inform the licensee that the lack of cooperation may result in action which could eventually lead to suspension or revocation of license, or other appropriate legal action under the law.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:328 (April 1984), amended LR 13:345 (June 1987).

§527. Withdrawal of a Complaint

A. If the complainant wishes to withdraw the complaint, the inquiry is terminated, except in cases where the board judges the issues to be of such importance as to warrant completing the investigation in its own right and in the interest of the public welfare.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:328 (April 1984), amended LR 13:345 (June 1987).

§529. Emergency Action Required

A. If, at any point in the informal proceedings described above, the board finds that public health, safety, or welfare imperatively requires emergency action, and incorporates a finding to that effect in its order, the board is hereby given authority to obtain a restraining order from a judge of the

appropriate court to suspend the license pending formal hearing proceedings for revocation of license or other disciplinary action. This formal hearing shall be promptly instituted.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:328 (April 1984), amended LR 13:345 (June 1987).

Subchapter D. Conduct of Formal Hearing

§535. Initiating the Process

- A. The board initiates a formal hearing by issuing full notice of the hearing. A formal hearing may be the result of a complaint made by any manner specified in the informal procedures.
- B. Once full notice of the formal hearing has been served, no board member or officially designated hearing officer may communicate with any party to a formal hearing or to that party's representative concerning any issue of fact or law involved in that formal hearing.

C. Full Notice

1. The written notice shall recite specific acts which the licensee is alleged to have committed and shall assert that those acts violate a statute or rule of the board.

2. Notice shall include:

- a. a statement of the date, time, place and nature of the hearing;
- b. a statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to be held;
- c. a reference to the particular sections of the statutes, rules or ethical standards involved:
- d. a short and plain statement of the matters asserted which shall be the subject of the hearing; and
 - e. a statement of the rights of the parties.
- 3. Notice shall be given to all parties 30 days in advance of the proceedings to allow a reasonable opportunity for preparation.
- 4. The notice shall be delivered by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. If the licensee cannot be found by this or other reasonable methods, the board may hold a hearing in the licensee's absence.

NOTE: It is the licensee's obligation to keep the board informed of his/her whereabouts.

- 5. The content of the notice limits the scope of the hearing and of the evidence which may be introduced.
- 6. If the agency or other party is unable to state the matters in detail at the time the notice is served, the initial notice may be limited to a statement of the issues involved. Thereafter, upon application, a more definite and detailed statement shall be furnished.

D. Designation of Hearing Officer

1. The hearing officer is responsible for ensuring that the hearing is orderly and fair and that it progresses in an expeditious manner.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2816

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Resources, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 10:328 (April 1984), amended LR 13:345 (June 1987).

Chapter 7. Peer Review Committee

§701. Purpose and Composition of Committee

- A. Area Covered. State of Louisiana.
- B. Structure. The Peer Review Committee shall function under the Board of Chiropractic Examiners, a state agency created and empowered by the legislature to license and regulate the practice of chiropractic in Louisiana in accordance with R.S. 37:2801 et seq., R.S. 37:1734 and R.S. 49:950 et seq.
- C. Purpose. The purpose of the committee is to review, upon request of any party involved, any matter relative to the appropriateness of care rendered by any doctor of chiropractic licensed to practice and practicing in the state of Louisiana.
- D.1. Composition of Committee. The committee shall be comprised of five doctors of chiropractic currently licensed by the state of Louisiana and practicing within the state of Louisiana, and appointed by the Board of Examiners.
- 2. All chiropractors chosen to serve on the committee shall attend a peer review school. In that the Board of Examiners will be administering and functioning as an appeals option, its members shall also attend the peer review school. The Board of Examiners shall bear the cost of this special training.
- E. Per Diem/Expenses. Committee will be afforded a per diem payment and reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred as a result of attending review meetings. Per diem shall not exceed \$50 per day plus mileage at the current state rate, all as required by and set forth in R.S. 37:2802.F. Members will be reimbursed only from review fees collected.
- F. Who May Submit Claims. Chiropractic physicians, third party reimbursement organizations, patients, professional standards review organizations, health maintenance organizations may request a review if they are directly involved in the claim by the fact of being the patient treated, the doctor administering or receiving payment for treatment or the third-party contracting to pay the claim.
- G.1. All costs of administrating this program will be borne by the Peer Review Committee out of the fees charged.
- 2. Any party making a peer review request will be charged a fee to cover the administrative costs of performing the review. The fee will be commensurate with the administrative costs.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.G.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 15:964 (November 1989), amended LR 22:192 (March 1996).

§702. Guidelines

A. For the purpose of claims review, this board authorizes the use of The Chiropractic Manual, 2nd Edition as a reference for assessing the appropriateness of chiropractic health care. Recognizing that it is impossible to set forth specific parameters of care appropriate for each individual case, the board intends this manual to serve only as a general guide for standards of care within the chiropractic profession. Specifically, these guidelines are not meant to provide absolute "cut-off" points for treatment. In assessing appropriateness of care, it is imperative that the reviewer remain sensitive to the normal variants in a chiropractic practice and the necessity for treatment tailored to the specific needs of each individual patient. The level and frequency of treatment implemented should be in accordance with the physical and analytical findings substantiated by the appropriate reports and diagnostic information.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.G.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 17:968 (October 1991).

§703. Procedure for Review

- A. All reviews will be blind reviews. The identity of the patient and treating physician will be unknown to the committee.
- B. The review will be conducted upon request by any party as defined in §701.F. Participation will be made available to non-requesting party or parties. Participation by the non-requesting party or parties is not mandatory.
- C. No requests for review shall be assessed or actual reviews conducted by the committee unless a quorum is present and participating. Three of the five members shall constitute a quorum.
- D. A member of the Board of Examiners appointed for a one-year term by the board shall serve as chairman of the Peer Review Committee and have voting power only in the case of a tie. The board member shall review all final decisions of the Peer Review Committee to insure proper procedure has been followed in the review process.
- 1. If the board member determines that proper procedure has been followed then the recommendation of the Peer Review Committee stands and any party to the review shall have the appeal options set out in §703.E. The board member who serves as chairman of the Peer Review Committee shall be recused in the case of appeal to the board.
- 2. If the board member determines that proper procedure has not been followed he shall state the violation of procedure in writing and submit same to the Peer Review

Committee at which point the case will be reconsidered by the committee.

- E. Appeals Process. An appeal of any decision rendered by the Peer Review Committee shall, at the option of the person appealing, either be:
- 1. submitted to the members of Board of Examiners for review:
- a. any person aggrieved by a decision of the Peer Review Committee shall submit to the board within 10 days of receipt of notice of the ruling of the Peer Review Committee a notice of intent to appeal. All notices shall be forwarded via certified mail;
- b. upon receipt of the notice of appeal, the board shall notify the opposing party of appeal and schedule a hearing date;
- c. the Peer Review Committee will then transfer the record to the board;
- d. the appealing party may submit additional evidence or material within 20 days of the hearing and the opposing party may reply within 10 days of the scheduled hearing;
- e. the parties may present oral argument to the board at the appeal hearing. Each party will be allowed 20 minutes:
- f. the decision of the Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall be final;
 - 2. placed in binding arbitration:
- a. arbitration shall be conducted by a committee of three chiropractors; one chosen by the treating chiropractor, one by the insurer, patient, or whoever constitutes the opposite party in dispute, and the third chiropractor chosen by the originally selected two. If no agreement can be reached by the original two chiropractors as to the third, within 10 days of their appointment, the board of examiners shall appoint the third chiropractor within 30 days of receiving notice of such lack of agreement. All parties involved shall agree in advance to abide by the decision of the Arbitration Committee;
- b. the aggrieved party shall notify the board of his intent to appeal by binding arbitration within 10 days of receipt of notice of the ruling of the Peer Review Committee. All notices shall be forwarded via certified mail;
- c. the board will schedule the appointment of arbitrators giving the appealing and opposing parties 25 days to select an arbitrator, then giving the two arbitrators an additional 10 days to select the third arbitrator;
- d. the Arbitration Panel will schedule a hearing within 60 days of the formation of the panel;
- e. the Peer Review Committee will forward the record to the Arbitration Committee;
- f. the appealing party may submit additional evidence or material within 20 days of the hearing and the

opposing party may reply within 10 days of the scheduled hearing;

- g. the parties may present oral argument to the Arbitration Committee at the appeal hearing. Each party will be allowed 20 minutes;
- h. the decisions of the Arbitration Panel shall be final.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:2804.G.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 15:964 (November 1989), amended LR 17:968 (October 1991), LR 22:193 (March 1996).

Chapter 9. Illegal Payments; Required Disclosure of Financial Interests

Subchapter A. Reserved

§901. Scope and Purpose of Chapter

- A. Scope of Chapter. The rules of this Chapter interpret, implement and provide for the enforcement of R.S. 37:1744 and R.S. 37:1745, requiring disclosure of a chiropractic physician=s financial interest in another health care provider to whom or to which the chiropractic physician refers a patient and prohibiting certain payments in return for referring or soliciting patients.
- B. Declaration of Purpose; Interpretation and Application. Chiropractic physicians owe a fiduciary duty to patients to exercise their professional judgment in the best interests of their patients in providing, furnishing, prescribing, recommending, or referring patients for health care items and services, without regard to personal financial recompense. The purpose of these rules and the laws they implement is to prevent payments by or to a chiropractic physician as a financial incentive for the referral of patients to a chiropractic physician or other health care provider for diagnostic or therapeutic services or items. These rules shall be interpreted, construed and applied so as to give effect to such purposes and intent.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1744 and R.S. 37:1745.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:193 (March 1996).

§903. Definitions and Construction

A. Definitions. As used in this Chapter:

Board Cthe Board of Chiropractic Examiners.

Chiropractic Physician Ca doctor of chiropractic pursuant to R.S. 37:2801 et seq.

Financial Interest Can ownership or investment interest established through debt, equity or other means and held, directly or indirectly, by a chiropractic physician or a member of the chiropractic physician-s immediate family, or any form of direct or indirect remuneration for referral.

Group Practice Ca group of two or more chiropractic physicians or other health care providers legally organized as a general partnership, registered limited liability partnership, professional corporation, limited liability company, foundation, nonprofit corporation, faculty practice plan, or similar organization or association:

- a. in which each chiropractic physician who is a member of the group provides substantially the full range of services which the chiropractic physician routinely provides, including consultation, diagnosis, or treatment, through the joint use of shared office space, facilities, equipment and personnel;
- b. for which substantially all of the services of the chiropractic physicians who are members of the group are provided through the group and are billed under a billing number assigned to the group and amounts so received are treated as receipts of the group;
- c. in which the overhead expenses of and the income from the practice are distributed in accordance with methods previously determined; and
- d. in which no chiropractic physician who is a member of the group directly or indirectly receives compensation based on the volume or value of referrals by the chiropractic physician, except payment of a share of the overall profits of the group, which may include a productivity bonus based on services personally performed or services incident to such personally performed services, so long as the share of profits or bonus is not determined in any manner which is directly related to the volume or value of referrals by such chiropractic physician.

*Health Care Item*Cany substance, product, device, equipment, supplies or other tangible good or article which is or may be used or useful in the provision of health care.

Health Care Provider Cany person licensed by a department, board, commission or other agency of the state of Louisiana to provide, or which does in fact provide, preventive, diagnostic, or therapeutic health care services or items.

Immediate Family Cas respects a chiropractic physician, the chiropractic physicians spouse, children, parents and siblings.

*Investment Interest*Ca security issued by an entity, including, without limitation, shares in a corporation, interests in or units of a partnership, bonds, debentures, notes, or other debt instruments.

*Payments***C**the tender, transfer, distribution, exchange or provision of money, goods, services, or anything of economic value.

*Person*Ca natural person or a partnership, corporation, organization, association, facility, institution, or any governmental subdivision, department, board, commission or other entity.

Remuneration for ReferralCany arrangement or scheme, involving any remuneration, directly or indirectly,

in cash or in kind, between a chiropractic physician, or an immediate family member of such a chiropractic physician, and other health care provider which is intended to induce referrals by the chiropractic physician to the health care provider or by the health care provider to the chiropractic physician, other than any amount paid by an employer to an employee who has a bona fide employment relationship with the employer, for employment in the furnishing of any health care item or service.

B. Construction. Masculine terms whatsoever used in this Chapter shall be deemed to include the feminine.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1744 and R.S. 37:1745.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:193 (March 1996).

Subchapter B. Illegal Payments

§905. Prohibition of Payments for Referrals

- A. A chiropractic physician shall not knowingly and willfully make or offer to make any payment, directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind, to induce another person to refer an individual to the chiropractic physician for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of any health care item or service.
- B. A chiropractic physician shall not knowingly and willfully solicit, receive or accept any payment, directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind, in return for referring patient to a health care provider for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of any health care item or service.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1744 and R.S. 37:1745.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:194 (March 1996).

§907. Exceptions

- A. Proportionate Return on Investment. Payments or distributions by an entity representing a direct return on investment based upon a percentage of ownership shall not be deemed a payment prohibited by R.S. 37:1745.B or by §905 of these rules, provided that:
- 1. the amount of payment to an investor in return for the investment interest is directly proportional to the amount or value of the capital investment (including the fair market value of any pre-operational services rendered) of that investor:
- 2. the terms on which an investment interest was or is offered to an investor who is in a position to make or influence referrals to, furnish items or services to, or otherwise generate business for the entity must be no different from the terms offered to other investors;
- 3. the terms on which an investment interest was or is offered to an investor who is in a position to make or influence referrals to, furnish items or services to, or otherwise generate business for the entity must not be related

to the previous or expected volume of referrals, items or services furnished, or the amount of business otherwise generated from that investor to the entity;

- 4. there is no requirement that an investor make referrals to, be in a position to make or influence referrals to, furnish items or services to, or otherwise generate business for the entity as a condition for becoming or remaining an investor;
- 5. the entity or any investor does not market or furnish the entity's items or services to investors differently than to non-investors; and
- 6. the entity does not loan funds to or guarantee a loan for an investor who is in a position to make or influence referrals to, furnish items or services to, or otherwise generate business for the entity if the investor uses any part of such loan to obtain the investment interest.
- B. General Exceptions. Any payment, remuneration, practice or arrangement which is not prohibited by or unlawful under \$1128B(b) of the Federal Security Act (Act), 42 U.S.C. \$1320a-7b(b), as amended, with respect to health care items or services for which payment may be made under Title XVIII or Title XIX of the Act, including those payments and practices sanctioned by the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, through the Office of the Inspector General, pursuant to \$1128B(b)(3)(E) of the Act, through regulations promulgated at 42 C.F.R. \$1001.952, as the same may hereafter be amended, shall not be deemed a payment prohibited by R.S. 37:1745.B or by \$905 of these rules with respect to health care items or services for which payment may be made by any patient or private or governmental payor.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1744 and R.S. 37:1745.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:194 (March 1996).

§909. Effect of Violation

A. Any violation of or failure of compliance with the prohibitions and provisions of §905 shall be deemed a violation of the Chiropractic Practice Act, R.S. 37:2801 et seq., as applicable, providing cause for the board to suspend or revoke, refuse to issue, or impose probationary or other restrictions on any license or permit held or applied for by a chiropractic physician culpable of such violation.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1744 and R.S. 37:1745.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:194 (March 1996).

Subchapter C. Disclosure of Financial Interests in Third-Party Health Care Providers

§911. Required Disclosure of Financial Interest

A. Mandatory Disclosure. A chiropractic physician shall not make any referral of a patient outside the chiropractic physicians group practice for the provision of health care items or services by another health care provider in which the referring chiropractic physician has a financial interest (as defined by \$903.A), unless, in advance of any referral, the referring chiropractic physician discloses to the patient, in accordance with \$915, the existence and nature of such financial interest.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1744 and R.S. 37:1745.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:194 (March 1996).

§913. Prohibited Arrangements

A. Any arrangement or scheme, including cross-referral arrangements, which a chiropractic physician knows or should know has a principal purpose of ensuring or inducing referrals by the chiropractic physician to another health care provider, which, if made directly by the chiropractic physician would be a violation of §911, shall constitute a violation of §911.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1744 and R.S. 37:1745.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:195 (March 1996).

§915. Form of Disclosure

- A. Required Contents. The disclosure required by §911 shall be made in writing, shall be furnished to the patient, or the patients authorized representative, prior to or at the time of making referral, and shall include:
- 1. the chiropractic physician's name, address and telephone number;
- 2. the name and address of the health care provider to whom the patient is being referred by the chiropractic physician;

- 3. the nature of the items or services which the patient is to receive from the health care provider to which the patient is being referred; and
- 4. the existence and nature of the chiropractic physician=s financial interest in the health care provider to which the patient is being referred.
- B. Permissible Contents. The form of disclosure required by §911 may include a signed acknowledgment by the patient or the patients authorized representative that the required disclosure has been given.
- C. Approved Form. Notice to a patient given substantially in the form of the Disclosure of Financial Interest form, which may be obtained from the Board of Examiners, shall be presumptively deemed to satisfy the disclosure requirements of this Subchapter.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1744 and R.S. 37:1745.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:195 (March 1996).

§917. Effect of Violation; Sanctions

- A. Effect of Violation. Any violation of or failure of compliance with the prohibitions and provisions of §911 shall be deemed a violation of the Chiropractic Practice Act, R.S. 37:2801 et seq., as applicable, providing cause for the board to suspend or revoke, refuse to issue, or impose probationary or other restrictions on any license or permit held or applied for by a chiropractic physician culpable of such violation.
- B. Administrative Sanctions. In addition to the sanctions provided for by §917, upon proof of violation of §911 by a chiropractic physician, the board may order that all or any portion of any amounts paid by a patient, for health care items or services furnished upon a referral by the chiropractic physician in violation of §911, be refunded by the chiropractic physician to such patient and/or third-party payor, together with legal interest on such payments at the rate prescribed by law calculated from the date on which any such payment was made by the patient and/or third-party payors.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 37:1744 and R.S. 37:1745.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Health and Hospitals, Board of Chiropractic Examiners, LR 22:195 (March 1996).

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